

Department before the Senate Finance Committee and the House Ways and Means Committee when these committees were considering the bill last fall.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

ROBERT H. KNIGHT,
General Counsel.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. If there be no further amendment to be proposed, the question is on the third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill having been read the third time the question is, Shall it pass? [Putting the question.]

The bill (H.R. 8847) was passed.

Mr. KERR. Madam President, I move that the Senate reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed.

Mr. WILLIAMS of Delaware. Madam President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

Mr. HOLLAND. Madam President, in the matter of the Du Pont bill, which has just been passed by voice vote, it happens that a great number of people in my State had written to me with respect to the bill. I heard from more than a thousand moderate, small stockholders. I had told them all that I was prepared to vote for the bill.

The fact that it was passed by voice vote leaves the RECORD silent as to the position of any of us who did not have an opportunity to participate in the argument on the amendments.

I wish the RECORD to show, therefore, that I voted for the bill, that I believe it is a good measure, and that I believe it will protect countless thousands of innocent people who are entitled to the protection given by the bill.

CONSIDERATION OF NOMINATIONS ON THE EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. RUSSELL. Madam President, I should like to have the attention of the majority leader and the minority leader. There have been reported from the Committee on Armed Services sundry nominations, including the nomination of the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency and the nomination of the Secretary of the Navy. I understand that there may be some discussion as to at least one of these nominations. I should like to inquire of the distinguished majority leader as to when he thinks consideration of these nominations may be scheduled.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Madam President, after conferring with the distinguished minority leader, and in view of the fact that at least one Senator has asked that one nomination go over for a day, and in view of the further fact that the nominations will be on Executive Calendar tomorrow, I hope it will be agreeable to the Senator to take up the nominations of Mr. McCone, Mr. Korth, and the other appointees on Monday next.

Mr. RUSSELL. That is agreeable to me. So far as the majority leader knows—and the minority leader agrees—

Mr. DIRKSEN. Yes.

Mr. RUSSELL. The nominations will be taken up on Monday.

Mr. DIRKSEN. That is correct.

Mr. MANSFIELD. Yes.

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM—ORDER FOR ADJOURNMENT FROM TO- DAY UNTIL THURSDAY AND FROM THURSDAY TO MONDAY NEXT

Mr. DIRKSEN. Madam President, I should like to inquire of the majority leader about the schedule for tomorrow and next week, in view of the fact that a delegation will be going to Kansas for the ceremonies for the late Senator Schoepfel.

Mr. MANSFIELD. It is the intention of the leadership to ask unanimous consent that when the Senate adjourns tonight it adjourn to meet at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday next. I ask such unanimous consent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection it is so ordered.

Mr. MANSFIELD. On Thursday it is anticipated that the Senate will take up Calendar No. 966, S. 1760, to establish the Great Basin National Park in Nevada, and for other purposes; also Calendar No. 1065, H.R. 6025, to confer jurisdiction on the U.S. Court of Claims to hear, determine, and render judgment on the claim of George Edward Barnhart against the United States; as well as other business of that nature.

There will be no rollcalls on Thursday.

I ask unanimous consent at this time that when the Senate adjourns on Thursday, it adjourn to meet on the following Monday, at 12 o'clock noon.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MANSFIELD. The purpose of making this schedule so circumscribed is due to the fact that some Members of the Senate are leaving tomorrow for Topeka, Kans., to attend the lying-in-state of our late, beloved colleague, Senator Schoepfel; others will be in Wichita, Kans., next day for the funeral. In view of the fact that we are pretty well caught up with the calendar, we are making these allowances this week.

Mr. DIRKSEN. If perchance a record vote should be requested on any of the bills, I assume that the vote would go over until Monday.

Mr. MANSFIELD. If there are any rollcall votes, they will go over until Monday, so all Senators will be informed and protected.

Mr. JAVITS. Madam President, will the Senator yield?

Mr. MANSFIELD. I yield.

Mr. JAVITS. When is it the Senator's intention to call up Calendar No. 891, the welfare and pension plans bill?

Mr. MANSFIELD. So far as Calendar No. 891 and Calendar 1053, the latter providing authorization for assistance to

public and other nonprofit institutions of higher education, is concerned, it is anticipated that we will take up the higher education bill probably first, on Monday or Tuesday; sometime after that, Calendar No. 891.

RESOLUTION OF COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC WORKS PROVIDING FOR A STUDY AND INVESTIGATION OF USE OF MATERIALS IN PUBLIC WORKS

Mr. KERR. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD at this point a copy of a resolution adopted by the Public Works Committee, to institute a study and investigation into the use of new materials in public works, as set forth in the resolution.

There being no objection, the resolution was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

COMMITTEE RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR A STUDY AND INVESTIGATION OF USE OF MATERIALS IN PUBLIC WORKS

Whereas the Senate Committee on Public Works has under its jurisdiction measures relating to flood control and rivers and harbors, roads and highways, public buildings, water pollution control, waterpower and other matters relating to developments within the Nation; and

Whereas the Senate Committee on Public Works has authority to make investigations into any matter within its jurisdiction; and

Whereas the Senate Committee on Public Works members have been vitally interested in the development, protection, and utilization of our Nation's water resources as evidenced by their active participation in the hearing and deliberations of the Senate Select Committee on National Water Resources; and

Whereas there are now being produced and our scientists and technicians, both in industry and Government, are working on and perfecting many new materials and new uses of known materials and it is evident that such materials can be utilized efficiently and economically in the construction of public works, in the protection and operation of such works, in the preservation and proper utilization of our essential water resources and that such materials and their development and use enhance the opportunities for industrial and business growth and strengthening of our Nation's economy; and

Whereas representatives of industry and the Federal Government have shown a keen interest in discussing and disclosing their roles in the fields of research, development, and utilization of materials: Therefore be it

Resolved by a unanimous vote of the Senate Committee on Public Works, That the committee shall institute a study and investigation into the use of new materials, new use of materials, and new designs and methods being used or which may be used in flood control and rivers and harbors, roads and highways, public buildings, water pollution control, waterpower, and other developments relating to public works, including water resources development, utilization, preservation, and protection projects, and that a committee report be prepared thereon and submitted to the Senate.

SEC. 2. Such study and investigation shall include but not be limited to metals, plastics, rubber, coal, petroleum, timber, concrete, asphalt, chemicals and their direct use, uses

of their derivatives or use in combination with each other or other materials, and shall attempt to determine the following:

- (a) Description of proposed use of application of the subject material;
- (b) General description of the material in terms of physical and chemical characteristics and, where possible, obtain a description of the physical or chemical phenomenon responsible for obtaining the desired effect;
- (c) Results of laboratory and field tests to prove that the desired effect occurs and prove the durability or duration of the effect of the material;
- (d) The limitations of the materials; i.e., problems of toxicity, limitation of effectiveness under certain climate, soil, or physical conditions;
- (e) Cost of materials per standard units; i.e., square foot, lineal foot, cubic foot, etc., and cost projection in terms of future production capacity, improved manufacturing techniques, etc.; and
- (f) Availability of material both on a current and future basis.

THE NEW HOUSE MAJORITY LEADER

Mr. MONRONEY. Madam President, selection of Oklahoma's CARL ALBERT as majority leader of the House of Representatives at the opening of this session is a great tribute to Congressman ALBERT's standing in the House and a reaffirmation of the confidence shown in him by our beloved Sam Rayburn when he chose him 9 years ago as House whip—and a strong right arm.

We in Oklahoma are very proud of the majority leader. As a former Member of the House, I know that our State's influence and prestige there has never been higher. Some articles in the press of our area tell the story better than I could tell it. I ask unanimous consent to place in the RECORD at this point an editorial from a newspaper in Mr. Sam's old district, the Denison Herald; an article from a very wonderful student daily at the University of Oklahoma which I once had the good luck to edit, outlining CARL's rise from "Big Man on Campus to Big Man in Congress," and a news-feature story from the McAlester News Capital in the majority leader's home district.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

[From the Denison (Tex.) Herald, Jan. 14, 1962]

MERITED PROMOTION

Southeast Oklahoma is to be congratulated upon the elevation of CARL ALBERT to majority leader of the U.S. House of Representatives. We know that his many friends in Denison and Grayson County also are happy about this well-deserved promotion in the Democratic Party.

Congressman ALBERT is one of the ablest Members of Congress. He has an outstanding record, including a Rhodes scholarship and is considered quite an orator on the floor. While he is not a loud, dramatic speaker but uses a calm, studied approach, his fellow Members listen carefully when he is on the floor and his remarks carry great weight.

The Oklahoma Congressman was a close friend and coworker of Speaker Rayburn. Through his connection with Mr. Rayburn he was a frequent visitor to Denison and Grayson County and made many good friends locally.

So we can be doubly happy for this promotion that our neighboring Congressman and friend from "across the river" has gone up a big step and also that a fine man has been chosen for a higher place of leadership in our country and the Democratic Party.

[From the Oklahoma Daily, Jan. 13, 1962]

ALBERT AIMED HIGH—BMOC TO CONGRESS (By Bob West)

From BMOC to big man in Congress—the 34-year transition has his old friends on campus and over the State recalling CARL ALBERT's brilliant student years in Norman. This week ALBERT became the floor leader of the U.S. House of Representatives. The highest congressional position ever held by an Oklahoman.

In 1927-28, a freckled 5-foot, 4-inch freshman from the eastern part of the State enrolled as a freshman at Oklahoma University, bringing along an unquenchable thirst for knowledge and an ambition to be an outstanding orator. By the time he got his degree in government in 1931, the same year he was doing freshman law work, CARL ALBERT had won national oratorical honors and was headed for Oxford University on a Rhodes scholarship.

As a student leader, ALBERT not only made Phi Beta Kappa and the senior men's honor society, Pe-et, but was a varsity oratorical team member and president of the Oklahoma University men's council. He made Phi Eta Sigma scholastic society his freshman year and belonged to Kappa Alpha social fraternity.

His former Oklahoma University speech coach, Josh Lee, now a Norman attorney and U.S. Senator from 1937 to 1943, was first impressed by CARL ALBERT when Lee was a judge for a State high school oratorical contest and the McAlester boy won.

Once at Oklahoma University, ALBERT chose the oratorical team over debate. Lee recalled Friday how ALBERT studied conscientiously and practiced to improve his speaking ability. Under Lee's coaching, ALBERT won the national intercollegiate oratorical contest, speaking on "The Constitution."

"CARL ALBERT was a pleasure to coach," Lee said. "He had a good voice and he spoke deliberately. He always sounded like he was thinking the words he was saying. Sincerity is the key to being a good speaker, and CARL ALBERT was always sincere."

Lee went on to say, "He was very careful about his material and support for his statements. I taught my students to memorize their thoughts, and then the words would come easily. CARL seemed to speak in this style. He apparently was interested in statesmanship and seemed to be living for the day when he could use his oratory. That day has come."

ALBERT majored in government, political science, and law and one and another of his former professors spoke of him Friday. Dr. Cortez A. M. Ewing, research professor of government, counts him as one of the best half dozen students he has taught. He had straight A's in Ewing's classes.

"He seemed to want to learn everything," Dr. Ewing said. "He was a good student because he could express himself and was a hard worker and student leader. He was always chuckling and had merchants and industrialists see a grand sense of humor. Moneywise he was a 'poor' student. He's an example of what a student can do if he has the will to do it."

WAS FINE STUDENT

In ALBERT's senior year, as a first-year lawyer, one of his professors was Dr. Victor H. Kulp, now David Ross Boyd, professor emeritus of law. Asked Friday if he recalled ALBERT, Dr. Kulp was quick to say indeed he does. "He was a bright little fellow, a very fine student."

Emil R. Kraettli, longtime secretary of the university and of the board of regents, knew him well. "ALBERT was a very fine student and a leader," Kraettli recalled. "He remembers he borrowed from the Oklahoma University student loan fund to help finance his education. He also worked while in school," Kraettli said.

The Oklahoma congressional leader's achievements in scholarship, oratory, and military are considered, among the outstanding in Congress, and his rapid development at Bug Tussle, Okla., where he was born, to the position of floor leader of the House of Representatives, is regarded as a personal achievement saga.

ENTERED CONTESTS

ALBERT was born May 10, 1908, the son of a coal miner, Earnest Homer Albert and his wife, Leona Ann, the oldest in a large family. His interest in public speaking was encouraged by an elementary schoolteacher and when he entered McAlester High School, he began competing in speech contests.

His senior high school year he won the National American Legion contest. After his years at Oklahoma University, ALBERT studied 3 years at Oxford on Rhodes grants, receiving B.A. and B.C.L. degrees.

Returning to Oklahoma, he practiced law and studied more law at Oklahoma University. He worked with oil companies in Oklahoma, Illinois, and India, where he was in 1941 when the United States entered World War II. Going into the Army a buck private, he came out a lieutenant colonel and was awarded a Bronze Star for meritorious service in the Pacific theater in 1945.

ENTERED LAW

He married Mary Harmon, of Columbia, S.C., in 1942. They have two children, Mary and David. He entered law practice after the war in McAlester, with another Oklahoma University law alumnus, Walter Arnote. In 1946 he was elected to the 80th session of Congress in his first campaign for public office. He was 38 years old.

He has since been reelected to each session and in 1955 was elected majority whip. He has been active in farm legislation, serving as chairman of the Subcommittee on Wheat.

His duties in Congress have been such as to make maximum use of his facility for communication—his friendly and interested manner. He has been called on to stir up interest in House Members for bills up for vote, and organize them for voting unity. In this position, his ability to compromise and reason has been an asset.

KNOWS DISTRICT

With all his work on the floor, ALBERT has had to keep abreast of happenings in his district. He has five secretaries in his Washington office and his executive secretary is another Oklahoma University alumnus, Charles Ward, who received his journalism degree at Oklahoma University and was editor of the Oklahoma Daily.

In ALBERT's spare time, which is little, he reads clippings from his district's newspapers and all Oklahoma City and Tulsa papers.

He is planning to run for reelection this spring.

[From the McAlester News Capital, Jan. 10, 1962]

ALBERT LONGED YEARS AGO TO GO TO CONGRESS

CARL ALBERT, who Tuesday attained one of the highest of public offices, decided 40 years ago he wanted to become a U.S. Congressman.

He was but 12 years of age, when he learned that M.C. stamped on packages of free garden seed stood for "Member of Congress." The more he checked on those M.C.'s the more awed he became.

Young CARL already was a good cotton chopper, but he had higher ambitions. So